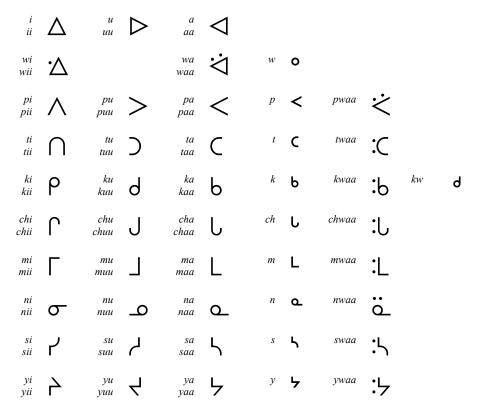
ჲᲐᲮ∧ △২° △১⊿⊳॰ ◁△४ Г४०△სჲ⊳Ს Naskapi Syllabic Chart



Other Symbols:

Long and short vowels are not distinguished in written Naskapi.

The symbol 'followed by $\stackrel{<}{\mathrel{<}}\mathrel{:}\!\mathrel{\subset}\mathrel{:}\!\mathrel{b}$ or $\mathrel{:}\!\mathrel{\cup}$ can be written as contractions, thus: $spwaa \stackrel{<}{\mathrel{<}} stwaa \mathrel{:}\!\mathrel{c} skwaa \mathrel{:}\!\mathrel{b}$ and $schwaa \mathrel{:}\!\mathrel{\cup}$.

Pre-aspirated "soft" k may be written with a single dot, as in: $hki \cdot P hku \cdot d hkaa \cdot b$.

X is the symbol for *Christ*. English-style punctuation is used except for the full stop or *period*, which is \times Although the following sounds do not exist in Naskapi, these characters are often found when spelling proper names or places: